Shared decision making (SDM) is a healthcare delivery model that mandates patient-centered care for clinical practice. Practicing SDM ensures that patients and family caregivers are engaged in making decisions about their care and treatment with healthcare providers. This article reviews the evidence on how nurses can influence the outcomes of cancer treatment decisions by using the SDM model.

**AT A GLANCE**
- SDM is a treatment decision-making model that requires collaboration between healthcare providers and the patient or family caregiver.
- Practicing SDM can improve patient-reported outcomes following treatment decisions.
- Competency with SDM encourages patient engagement and participation in treatment decisions and can improve the patient–provider relationship.

**Shared Decision Making**

Shared decision making (SDM) is an important component of patient engagement in which the healthcare provider invites the patient or his or her caregiver to collaborate on treatment decisions (Kane, Halpern, Squiers, Treiman, & McCormack, 2014; Tariman et al., 2016; Tariman & Szubski, 2015). With the number and complexities of treatment options continuing to increase, the SDM model encourages patients, family caregivers, and healthcare providers to evaluate clinical information (e.g., data from research, the patient’s overall health status) and compare the risks and benefits to select the most appropriate treatment option. This article provides an overview of the benefits of and barriers to effective SDM and recommends interventions to enhance the use of the SDM model among nurses and healthcare providers.

**Benefits**

Previous studies have evaluated the financial and emotional benefits of positive patient-provided communication encounters (Montori, Kunneman, & Brito, 2017; Müller et al., 2019). According to Steffensen et al. (2018), SDM is considered successful when mutual agreement is reached between the patient or caregiver and the healthcare provider(s) on the treatment decision (Charles, Gafni, & Whelan, 1997).

**KEYWORDS**
- shared decision making
- patient-centered care
- cancer treatment
- competence

**DIGITAL OBJECT IDENTIFIER**
10.1188/19.CJON.540-542