A Sample Daily Walking Program

This program is only a guide. Your walking sessions may be longer or shorter based on your ability and the advice of your doctor. If you are walking fewer than three times per week, give yourself more than 2 weeks before adding more.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warm-up Time</th>
<th>Brisk-walk Time</th>
<th>Cool-down Time</th>
<th>Total Time</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Walk Slowly</td>
<td>5 minutes</td>
<td>Walk Slowly and Stretch</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brisk-walk</td>
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<td>5 minutes</td>
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<td>60 minutes</td>
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Knee Pull

Lean your back against a wall. Keep your head, hips, and feet in a straight line. Pull one knee toward your chest, hold for 10 seconds, and then repeat with the other leg.

Leg Curl

Pull your right foot toward your buttocks with your right hand. Stand straight and keep your bent knee pointing straight down. Hold for 10 seconds and repeat with your other foot and hand.

Hamstring Stretch

Sit on a sturdy bench or hard surface so that one leg is stretched out on the bench with your toes pointing up. Keep your other foot flat on the surface below. Straighten your back, and if you feel a stretch in the back of your thigh, hold for 10 seconds and then change sides and repeat. If you do not feel a stretch, slowly lean forward from your hips until you feel a stretch.

Should I stretch before I walk?

Most experts advise stretching only after you have warmed up. To warm up, walk slowly for a few minutes before picking up the pace.

Stretching gently at the end of your walk may help build flexibility. Do not bounce or hold your breath when you stretch. Do each stretch slowly and move only as far as you feel comfortable.

If you think that stretching before walking may help you, ask your doctor when and how to do so safely. You may want to discuss these exercises as examples.

Side Reach

Reach one arm over your head and to the side. Keep your hips steady and your shoulders straight to the side. Hold for 10 seconds and repeat on the other side.

Wall Push

Lean your hands on a wall and place your feet about 3 to 4 feet away from the wall. Bend one knee and point it toward the wall. Keep your back leg straight with your foot flat and your toes pointed straight ahead. Hold for 10 seconds and repeat with the other leg.

Personal Goals

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Oncology Nursing Society

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B eing physically active has many benefits for cancer survivors before, during and after treatment. Walking can be a great way to be more active. This brochure will give you tips on how to make walking a part of your daily routine.

What are the benefits of walking?
Walking is the most popular physical activity among adults. Taking a walk is low cost and doesn’t require any special clothes or equipment.

Walking can improve your quality of life and may
- Increase your energy level and decrease that feeling of exhaustion related to cancer treatments
- Help deal with emotional issues like anxiety and depression
- Improve sleep
- Improve ability to concentrate and remember things
- Strengthen bones
- Support achieving and maintaining a healthy weight
- Increase survival after treatment

Make walking fun by going to places you enjoy, like a park or shopping center. Bring along a friend or family member to chat with, or listen to some of your favorite music as you walk. Keep the volume low so that you can hear noises around you.

Do I need to ask my oncology care team before I begin walking?
Most cancer survivors can become more physically active without worry about harm. However, some people should see their physician, nurse practitioner or physician assistant first. If you have any of the following, please check with your oncology care team before beginning a walking program or increasing your level of physical activity.

- Heart or breathing problems
- Extreme fatigue or low red cell count
- Weakness or unsteadiness when walking
- Swelling in any part of your body
- Radiation to groin area or lymph nodes removed from your groin area
- Recent surgery
- Spread of cancer to bones
- Bone damage from hormone therapy

How do I start?

1. Make a plan
The following questions may help you get started:
- Where will you walk?
- How often will you walk?
- Who will walk with you?
- How far or for how long will you walk?

2. Get ready
Make sure you have anything you may need. Here are some examples:
- shoes with proper arch support, a firm heel, and thick flexible soles
- clothes that keep you dry and comfortable
- a hat or visor for the sun, sunscreen, and sunglasses
- a hat and scarf to cover your head and ears when it’s cold outside

3. Go
Divide your walk into three parts:
1. Warm up by walking slowly.
2. Increase your speed to a brisk walk. This means walking fast enough to raise your heart rate while still being able to speak and breathe easily.
3. Cool down by slowing down your pace.

When walking, be sure to use proper form:
- Keep your chin up and your shoulders slightly back.
- Let the heel of your foot touch the ground first, and then roll your weight forward.
- Walk with your toes pointed forward.
- Swing your arms naturally.

4. Add more
As walking becomes easier, walk faster and go farther.

Keep track of your progress with a walking journal or log. Record date, time, and distance. Set goals and reward yourself with a relaxing shower or 30 minutes of quiet time to yourself. Review the sample walking plan on the back of this brochure for suggestions on how to start and slowly increase walking.

How can I make walking a habit?
The key to building any habit is to stick with the new behavior. Having a regular walking buddy may help keep you going—even on days when you would rather stay home. You can cheer each other on and serve as role models for friends, family members, and others.

When barriers come up, like time demands or bad weather, think of ways to beat them, like walking inside of a shopping center. If you have a setback, start again as soon as you can. With time, walking will become a part of your daily routine and may make it easier to try other types of physical activity.

What about safety?
Keep safety in mind as you plan when and where you will walk.
- Walk with others, when possible, and take a phone and ID with you.
- Let your family and friends know your walking time and route.
- If it is dark outside, wear a reflective vest or brightly colored clothing.
- Be aware of your surroundings.

How much do I need to walk?
This will depend upon how active you are now. If you are not very active now, take your time. Start slow and build up as you find it easier to walk. See the section “Sample Daily Walking Program” for a guide.

Setting a goal
150 minutes
Adults should get this much physical activity each week to get and stay healthy. However, this should be a goal—something to work toward.

Break it down

30 minutes/day

5 days/week

150 minutes/week

Walking briskly for 30 minutes per day, 5 days a week will help you meet this goal. But any 10-minute bout of physical activity helps.

Split it up

If you can’t walk for 30 minutes at a time, you can take three 10-minute walks instead.

One 30-minute walk = three 10-minute walks

10 minutes 10 minutes 10 minutes